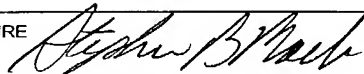



FORM PTO-1390 (Modified) (REV 5-93)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER	
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371				065691-0262	
				U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.51) Unassigned 10/009540	
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR00/01574		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE June 08, 2000		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED June 10 1999	
TITLE OF INVENTION Promoter Which Allows Transgene Expression in the Entire Plant Except the Seed					
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Bertrand DUBREUCQ, Loïc LEPINIEC and Michel CABOCHE					
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:					
1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 3. <input type="checkbox"/> This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). 4. <input type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19 th month from the earliest claimed priority date. 5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) <input type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US) 6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). 7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. 8. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 10. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). 11. <input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status under 37 CFR 1.27.					
Items 12. to 17. below concern other document(s) or information included:					
12. <input type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 14. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 15. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. 16. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: Copy of Verification of a Translation, Paper Copy of Sequence Listing, Application Data Sheet					

JC07 Rec'd PCT/PTO 10 DEC 2001

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.49) Unassigned		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR00/01574		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 065691-0262	
18. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted:				CALCULATIONS	
Basic National Fee (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5): Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO.....\$890.00					
International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482).....\$710.00					
No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)).....\$740.00					
Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO.....\$1,040.00					
International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4).....\$100.00					
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				\$890.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than 20 Months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e))					
Claims	Number Filed		Included in Basic Fee	Extra Claims	Rate
Total Claims	24	-	20	= 4	x \$18.00
Independent Claims	2	-	3	= 0	x \$84.00
Multiple dependent claim(s) (if applicable)					\$280.00
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$962.00	
Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable.				\$0.00	
SUBTOTAL =				\$962.00	
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing English translation later the 20 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).				+	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$962.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +				\$40.00	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$1002.00	
				Amount to be: refunded \$	
				charged \$	
a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of \$1002.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.					
b. <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. <u>19-0741</u> in the amount of \$0.00 to the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>19-0741</u> . A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.					
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:					
Foley & Lardner Customer Number: 22428			SIGNATURE 		
			NAME STEPHEN B. MAEBIUS		
22428			REGISTRATION NUMBER 35,264		
PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE					

Application Data Sheet

Application Information

Application number::	Unassigned
Filing Date::	12/10/2001
Application Type::	Regular
Subject Matter::	Utility
Suggested classification::	
Suggested Group Art Unit::	
CD-ROM or CD-R?::	None
Computer Readable Form (CRF)?::	No
Title::	Promoter Which Allows Transgene Expression in the Entire Plant Except the Seed
Attorney Docket Number::	065691-0262
Request for Early Publication?::	No
Request for Non-Publication?::	No
Suggested Drawing Figure::	1
Total Drawing Sheets::	3
Small Entity?::	No
Petition included?::	No
Licensed US Govt. Agency::	
Contract or Grant Numbers One::	
Secrecy Order in Parent Appl.?::	No

Applicant Information

Applicant Authority Type:: Inventor

Primary Citizenship Country:: French
Status:: Full Capacity
Given Name:: Bertrand
Family Name:: DUBREUCQ
City of Residence:: France
Country of Residence:: Paris
Street of mailing address:: 6, rue Fourcade
Paris 75015
Country of mailing address:: France

Applicant Authority Type:: Inventor
Primary Citizenship Country:: French
Status:: Full Capacity
Given Name:: Loic
Family Name:: LEPINIEC
City of Residence:: France
Country of Residence:: Bures-Sur-Yvette
Street of mailing address:: 2C Rue E. Herriot
Bures-Sur-Yvette 91440
Country of mailing address:: France

Applicant Authority Type:: Inventor
Primary Citizenship Country:: French
Status:: Full Capacity
Given Name:: Michel
Family Name:: CABOCHE
City of Residence:: France
Country of Residence:: Maurepas
Street of mailing address:: 5, Rue du Thimerais
Maurepas 78310
Country of mailing address:: France

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicants: Bertrand Dubreucq et al.

Entitled: PROMOTER WHICH ALLOWS TRANSGENE EXPRESSION IN THE
ENTIRE EXCEPT THE SEED

Serial No.: To be assigned

Date Filed: Concurrently

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination of the present application, Applicants respectfully request that the above-identified application be amended as follows:

In the Claims:

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.121(c) (3), please substitute for pending claims 6, 7, 12-15, 17, 18, 23, and 24 with the following clean version of the claims. The changes to these claims are shown explicitly in the attached "Marked Up Version of Claims."

6. (Amended) The use of a sequence as claimed in claim 1, for identifying fragments of the sequence SEQ ID No. 1 which allows the expression of a gene of interest in the tissues of a plant, except in the maturing seed and in the dry seed.

7. (Amended) An expression cassette, characterized in that it comprises a sequence of interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter sequence as claimed in claim 1.

12. (Amended) A vector comprising an expression cassette as claimed in claim 7.

13. (Amended) A plant cell transformed with a cassette as claimed in claim 7 or a vector comprising an expression cassette comprising a sequence of interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter sequence.

14. (Amended) A plant transformation kit comprising a cassette as claimed in claim 7 or a vector comprising an expression cassette comprising a sequence of interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter sequence.

15. (Amended) A method for preparing transgenic plants in which a gene of interest is expressed in all the tissues except in the maturing seed and in the dry seed, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

a) transferring a cassette as claimed in claim 7 or a vector comprising an expression cassette comprising a sequence of interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter sequence into plant cells,

b) culturing the transformed cells obtained in step a) so as to obtain said transgenic plants.

17. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 15, characterized in that the transfer is carried out using *Agrobacterium*, preferably *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*.

18. (Amended) A transgenic plant which can be obtained by carrying out the method as claimed in claim 15.

23. (Amended) The plant as claimed in claim 18, characterized in that it is chosen in particular from rapeseed, crucifers, maize, soybean, wheat, sunflower, pea, ornamental plants, and trees.

24. (Amended) A seed obtained from a transgenic plant as claimed in claim 18, characterized in that it does not contain the product of expression of the transgene.

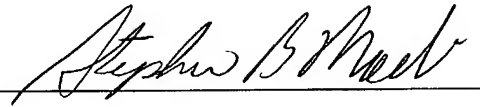
REMARKS

Applicant respectfully requests that the foregoing amendments be made prior to examination of the present application.

Respectfully submitted,

Date December 10, 2001

By



FOLEY & LARDNER
3000 K Street, N.W., Suite 500
Washington, D.C. 20007-5109
Telephone: (202) 672-5569
Facsimile: (202) 672-5399
E-mail: Smaebius@foleylaw.com

Stephen B. Maebius
Attorney for Applicant
Registration No. 35,264

MARKED UP VERSION OF AMENDED CLAIMS

6. (Amended) The use of a sequence as claimed in [one of claims 1 to 3 and 5] claim 1, for identifying fragments of the sequence SEQ ID No. 1 which allows the expression of a gene of interest in the tissues of a plant, except in the maturing seed and in the dry seed.

7. (Amended) An expression cassette, characterized in that it comprises a sequence of interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter sequence as claimed in [one of claims 1 to 3 and 5] claim 1.

12. (Amended) A vector comprising an expression cassette as claimed in [one of claims 7 to 10] claim 7.

13. (Amended) A plant cell transformed with a cassette as claimed in [one of claims 7 to 10] claim 7 or a vector [as claimed in claim 12] comprising an expression cassette comprising a sequence of interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter sequence.

14. (Amended) A plant transformation kit comprising a cassette as claimed in [one of claims 7 to 10] claim 7 or a vector [as claimed in claim 12] comprising an expression cassette comprising a sequence of interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter sequence.

15. (Amended) A method for preparing transgenic plants in which a gene of interest is expressed in all the tissues except in the maturing seed and in the dry seed, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

a) transferring a cassette as claimed in [one of claims 7 to 10] claim 7 or a vector [as claimed in claim 12] comprising an expression cassette comprising a sequence of interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter sequence into plant cells,

b) culturing the transformed cells obtained in step a) so as to obtain said transgenic plants.

17. (Amended) The method as claimed in [either of claims 15 and 16] claim 15, characterized in that the transfer is carried out using *Agrobacterium*, preferably *Agrobacterium.tumefaciens*.

18. (Amended) A transgenic plant which can be obtained by carrying out the method as claimed in [one of claims 15 to 17] claim 15.

23. (Amended) The plant as claimed in [one of claims 18 to 22] claim 18, characterized in that it is chosen in particular from rapeseed, crucifers, maize, soybean, wheat, sunflower, pea, ornamental plants, and trees.

24. (Amended) A seed obtained from a transgenic plant as claimed in [one of claims 18 to 23] claim 18, characterized in that it does not contain the product of expression of the transgene.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> DUBREUCQ Bertrand
LEPINIEC Loïc
CABOCHE Michel

<120> PROMOTER ENABLING TRANSGENE EXPRESSION IN THE WHOLE
PLANT EXCEPT IN THE SEED

<130> D18253

<150> FR 99/07362

<151> 1999-06-10

<150> PCT/FR00/01574

<151> 2000-06-08

<160> 5

<170> PatentIn Vers. 2.0

<210> 1

<211> 932

<212> DNA

<213> Arabidopsis thaliana

<220>

<223> FAH promoter in Arabidopsis thaliana.

<400> 1

```
cagctgtagc atcttgatat tgctgatact cagccacaag atcgttcattg ttactctctg 60
cttcattaaa ctccatctcg tccattcctt cttctgtgta ccaatgcaag aaagcttattc 120
tcaacatcag gctgatataa ccaatatctt acttctttta catttggtgaa atggaaccaa 180
cccatttttc tggaaaaagt gctaaccaaa catttgatta accgtatcac tactactttc 240
atttctatct tctgtttcat tatgctgact atttaagctc cgttgtcaaa tctctaagtt 300
agacataaaa gacaaagact aatcaattgt catcacacca gcgtcgtcga gtgagctata 360
ttaatcgtgg attttaagca ttaaagaaac attctatagt actaaagcaa ataaaataat 420
tataatcaaa cactatgctt gacactggtc acgtgtactg gtagtgaatg attctacatc 480
ataagaggcc gcatcaaaat cctaaaaata agcataatga attaatcatt tacaaatttt 540
attttactca ataagaaaat cgaaagtatg attattatct agctgccaca atcttcgaat 600
ttaatattta ctcaagaaga gaccgacttt aatccttgac tttctcattg ctctatggaa 660
aatgattaaa gcagtcaata aaatcttttg acattgttgg cagaagacca ataattcgaa 720
gtctaaaatg taatcgcca cacagtgtat gagtacccta gtattttttt tcttttccat 780
ataagttgaa tttgtaatat atatagtgtg atgttggtta tttgtggcaa cgtacaaaaa 840
tggaatcct ataagtgcga cgacaagtga caagacgagg ctatgaacag ctaatgtatg 900
aagagagcca aaagagcaac aacctggcac ag 932
```

<210> 2

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Upper primer

<400> 2

ttcatgttac tctctgcttc

20

<210> 3

<211> 23

<212> DNA
 <213> Arabidopsis thaliana

<220>
 <223> Lower primer

<400> 3
 ggaaaggaaa caaatacgga ttc

23

<210> 4
 <211> 237
 <212> PRT
 <213> Arabidopsis thaliana

<220>
 <223> Fatty acid hydroxylase Fah 1p

<400> 4
 Met Val Ala Gln Gly Phe Thr Val Asp Leu Lys Lys Pro Leu Val Phe
 1 5 10 15
 Gln Val Gly His Leu Gly Glu Asp Tyr Glu Glu Trp Val His Gln Pro
 20 25 30
 Ile Ala Thr Lys Glu Gly Pro Arg Phe Phe Gln Ser Asp Phe Trp Glu
 35 40 45
 Phe Leu Thr Leu Thr Val Trp Trp Ala Val Pro Val Ile Trp Leu Pro
 50 55 60
 Val Val Val Trp Cys Ile Ser Arg Ser Val Ser Met Gly Cys Ser Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Glu Ile Val Pro Ile Val Val Met Gly Ile Phe Ile Trp Thr Phe
 85 90 95
 Phe Glu Tyr Val Leu His Arg Phe Val Phe His Ile Lys Thr Lys Ser
 100 105 110
 Tyr Trp Gly Asn Thr Ala His Tyr Leu Ile His Gly Cys His His Lys
 115 120 125
 His Pro Met Asp His Leu Arg Leu Val Phe Pro Pro Thr Ala Thr Ala
 130 135 140
 Ile Leu Cys Phe Pro Phe Trp Asn Ile Ala Lys Ala Ile Ser Thr Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Thr Ala Pro Ala Leu Phe Gly Gly Gly Met Leu Gly Tyr Val Met
 165 170 175
 Tyr Asp Val Thr His Tyr Tyr Leu His His Ala Gln Pro Thr Arg Pro
 180 185 190
 Val Thr Lys Asn Leu Lys Lys Tyr His Leu Asn His His Phe Arg Ile
 195 200 205
 Gln Asp Lys Gly Phe Gly Ile Thr Ser Ser Leu Trp Asp Ile Val Phe
 210 215 220
 Gly Thr Leu Pro Thr Thr Lys Ala Pro Arg Lys Glu Gln

225

230

235

<210> 5

<211> 714

<212> DNA

<213> *Arabidopsis thaliana*

<220>

<223> Coding sequence for fatty acid hydroxylase
Fah 1P

<400> 5

```

atggttgctc agggattcac tgtggatctt aaaaagcccc ttgtatttca ggttggtcat 60
cttggaagaag attatgagga atgggttcac caacctatcg cgaccaagga aggccctcgg 120
ttttttcaga gtgacttttg ggagttcttg acacttacag tttggtgggc agttcctgtc 180
atttggttgc cagttgtagt ctggtgcata tcaaggtcag taagtatggg atgttcactt 240
ccagaaatcg tcccaattgt tgtcatggga atattcatct ggacattttt tgaatacggt 300
cttcaccggt tcgtttttcca cataaaaaacg aagagttact ggggaaacac tgcacactat 360
cttattcacg gatgccatca taagcaccgg atggaccacc ttcggctcgt ctttcctcct 420
actgcaactg cgattttatg ctttcggttc tggaacattg cgaaggctat ctcaactcct 480
tcaaccgcac ctgcattggt tgggtggaggc atgctcggat atgtgatgta cgatgtcact 540
cattattacc ttcaccatgc ccaacctact agaccagtga ccaaaaatct caagaagtac 600
catttgaatc atcacttcag gattcaggac aaaggatttg gtataacttc gtcgttatgg 660
gacatagtct ttgggacact tcccaccaca aaagcccca gaaaagagca atag 714

```

PCT/FR00/01574

The present invention relates to the isolation and characterization of a promoter which allows transgene expression in the adult plant, for the purposes of improving the development of the plant, without the product of this transgene being present in the mature and dry seed. The invention also relates to the transgenic plants comprising a gene of interest fused to said promoter sequence.

The characteristics of the seed will depend on the interactions between the maturation, under the control of a specific genetic program, and environmental conditions which condition, to a large degree, the subsequent production. However, the mechanisms which regulate these phenomena are, for the most part, still not understood. There exists, therefore, a real advantage in maintaining good seed batch quality. Now, the development of transgenic plants poses new problems, in particular related to the expression of

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

It has been found, while accomplishing the present invention, that insertion of a reporter gene into the gene encoding a protein of the fatty acid hydroxylase (FAH) type of Arabidopsis leads to expression in all the tissues of the plant except in the seed. This type

of promoter is of great value for biotechnological applications. It makes it possible to express a protein of interest as soon as impregnation occurs in all the tissues of the plant, with a high level of expression, except in the seed. It is therefore possible, for example, to protect the plant against many biotic or abiotic stresses without modifying the content of its seed. It is also possible to express an antisense sequence directed against a target gene in all the tissues except in the seed.

Description

Thus, the present invention relates to a promoter sequence which allows the expression of a gene of interest in the tissues of a plant except in the maturing seed and in the dry seed, said sequence comprising a sequence having at least 80% identity with the sequence, or a portion of the sequence, of the promoter of the Arabidopsis FAH gene.

Preferably, this sequence comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity with the sequence, or a portion of the sequence, SEQ ID No. 1.

The term "% identity" is intended to mean the percentage of identical nucleotides, which can be easily calculated by those skilled in the art using a sequence comparison computer program, such as the DNASIS program (Version 2.5 for Windows; Hitachi Software Engineering Co., Ltd, South San Francisco, CA), using the standard parameters described in the manufacturer's manual, incorporated into the description by way of reference.

In this context, the sequences and the percentage identities may also be obtained using internet computer sources. Mention may be made of the Blast program (WWW.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov) and the FastDB program with the

- 4 -

following parameters: Mismatch penalty 1.00; Gap Penalty 1.00; Gap Size Penalty 0.33; joining penalty 30.0. These algorithms are given in Current Methods in Sequencing and Synthesis Methods and Applications, pages 127-149, 1988, Ala R. Liss, Inc., incorporated into the description by way of reference.

The sequences having 80% identity may also be defined as being sequences which hybridize to the sequence SEQ ID No. 1 with high stringency conditions. These conditions are given in Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning A Laboratory Manual (Cold Spring Harbor Press, 1989) in paragraphs 11.1 to 11.61, incorporated into the description by way of reference.

Advantageously, the sequence according to the invention has the sequence, or a portion of the sequence, SEQ ID No. 1 below:

5'cagctgtagcatcttgatattgctgatactcagccacaagatcgttcatgttactc
tctgcttcattaaactccatctcgtccattccttcttctgtgtaccaatgcaagaaag
cttatctcaacatcaggctgatataaccaatatcttacttcttttacatttgtaa
ggaaccaacccatttttctggaaaaagtgtacaaacatttgattaaccggtatcac
tactactttcatttctatcttctgtttcattatgctgactatttaagctccgttgca
aatctctaagtttagacataaaagacaaagactaatcaattgtcatcacaccagcgctg
tcgagtgagctatattaatcgtggattttaagcattaaagaaacatttctatagtacta
aagcaaataaaataattataatcaaacactatgcttgacactggtcacgtgtactggt
agtgaatgattctacatcataagaggccgcacataaaatcctaaaaataagcataatga
attaatcatttacaaattttattttactcaataagaaaaatcgaaagtatgattattat
ctagctgccacaatcttcgaatttaataatttactcaagaagagaccgactttaatcct
tgactttctcaltgctctatggaaaatgattaaagcagtcataaaaatcttttgacat
tgttggcagaagaccaataattcgaagtctaaaatgtaatcgtccacacagtgatga
gtatcctagtattttttttcttttccatataagttgaatttgtaatatatatagtga
atgttggtttatttggtggaacgtacaaaattgggaatcctataagtgcgacgacaagt
gacaagacgaggctatgaacagctaattgtatgaagagagccaaaagagcaacaacctg
gcacag-3'.

The invention relates to a method for isolating and characterizing the promoter of the FAH gene in plants, comprising the following steps:

- SEQ ID No. 5 corresponds to the coding sequence of the FAH gene of Arabidopsis:

ORGANISM: Arabidopsis thaliana, Eukaryota;
Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;

- 6 -

Euphylllophytes; Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta;
Eudicotyledons; Rosidae; Brassicales; Brassicaceae.

Reference: Mitchell, A.G. and Martin, C.E, (1997).

- 5 Fahlp, a saccharomyces cerevisiae cytochrome b5 fusion
protein, and its arabidopsis thaliana homolog that
lacks the cytochrome b5 domain both function in the
alpha-hydroxylation of sphingolipid-associated very
long chain fatty acids; J. Biol. Chem. 272 (45), 28281-
10 28288 MEDLINE 98019193

1 atggttgctc agggattcac tgtggatctt aaaaagcccc ttgtattca gggttggtcat
61 ctggagaag attatgagga atgggttcac caacctatcg cgaccaagga aggcctcgg
121 tttttcaga gtagctttg ggagttcttg acacttacag ttgggtgggc agttcctgic
181 atttggttc cagttgtagt ctgggtgcata lcaaggtcag taagtatggg atgttcactt
241 ccagaaatcg tccaattgt tgtcatggga atattcatct ggacattttt tgaatacgtt
301 ctaccagggt tegtttcca cataaaaacg aagagttact gggaacacac tgcacactat
361 ctattcacg gatgccatca taagcaccgg atggaccacc ttgggtcgtt ctttctctt
421 actgcaacig cgattttatg ctttccgttc tggaacattg cgaaggctat ctcaactcct

481 tcaaccgcac ctgcattgtt tgggtggaggc atgctcggat atgtgatga cgaatgcact
541 cattattacc ttaccatgc ccaacctact agaccagtga ccaaaaatct caagaagtac
601 cattgaatc atcacttcag gattcaggac aaaggatttg gtataacttc gtcgttatgg
661 gacatagtct ttgggacact tcccaccaca aaagcccca gaaaagagca atag

15

It is also possible to use a primer comprising a
sequence having at least 80% identity with a sequence
having at least 10 consecutive nucleotides of the
genomic sequence of the Arabidopsis FAH gene (introns
20 and exons) which is accessible to those skilled in the
art under the number AC003096, or a primer which
hybridizes, under high stringency conditions, to any
coding sequence for the following SEQ ID No. 4
(Arabidopsis thaliana, fatty acid hydroxylase Fahlp):

25

MVAQGFTVDLKKPLVFQVGH LGEDYEEWVHQPIATKEGPRFFQSDFWEFLTL
 TVWWAVPVIWLPV VVWCISRSVSMGCSLPEIVPIVVMGIFIWTFEYVLHRFVF
 HIKTKSYWGNTAHYLIHGCHHKHPMDHLRLVFPPTATAILCFPFWNIKAISTP
 STAPALFGGMLGYVMYDVTHYYLHHAQPTRPVTKNLKKYHLNHHFRIQDK
 GFGITSSLWDIVFGTLPTTKAPRKEQ

Thus, the promoter sequence which allows expression of
 5 a gene of interest in the tissues of a plant, except in
 the maturing seed and in the dry seed, may also be
 characterized in that it comprises a sequence which has
 at least 80% identity with the sequence, or a portion
 of the sequence, of the promoter of the FAH gene, and
 10 which can be obtained using the method described above.

Another aspect of the invention relates to an
 expression cassette which comprises a sequence of
 interest fused to a sequence comprising a promoter
 15 sequence as defined above. Said sequence of interest
 may encode an RNA, a protein or a polypeptide which
 protects the plant against a biotic or abiotic stress.

The cassette may allow the cosuppression of the
 20 expression of a gene, characterized in that said
 sequence of interest encodes a protein or polypeptide
 capable of substituting the function of an endogenous
 protein or polypeptide. The sequence of interest may
 also encode an antisense sequence directed against a
 25 target gene. This makes it possible, in coupling with
 the ectopic overexpression of a gene of interest in the
 seeds, or preventing expression of this gene in other
 tissues, the antisense not being expressed in the
 seeds. This proves to be most useful when the desire is
 30 to overexpress a protein in the seeds without
 disturbing the development of other tissues of the
 plant.

- 8 -

The cassette according to the invention may also comprise a selection marker gene, a leader sequence which controls the transit, the secretion or the targeting of the expression product, in various organelles, a transcription termination signal sequence and a translation termination signal sequence.

In the context of the invention, the term "gene of interest" or "transgene" is intended to mean a gene in particular selected from the genes encoding a protein or a polypeptide which protects the plant against a biotic or abiotic stress, the disturbing genes encoding a product capable of substituting for and/or inhibiting the function or the expression of an endogenous mRNA, protein or polypeptide. Mention may be made, for example, of the genes encoding ribozymes against endogenous mRNAs, and genes, the transcription product of which is at least in part complementary to an endogenous target mRNA (EP 240 208, incorporated into the description by way of reference). Mention may also be made of genes, the transcription product of which is identical or similar to the transcripts of endogenous genes, which are capable of inhibiting by cosuppression the expression of said endogenous genes (Napoli C. et al., 1990, The Plant Cell, 2, 279-289 mentioned in the description by way of reference). Of course, the gene according to the invention may encode an enzyme involved in metabolism, so as to produce or promote the biosynthesis of metabolites, in particular of metabolites which are useful for the human or animal diet or which may affect development. The promoter sequence according to the invention may induce the expression of a foreign gene and be used in various types of plant. The term "foreign gene" or "transgene" is also understood to define any coding or noncoding region of DNA (protein, polypeptide, antisense, catalytic RNA, viroid, etc.). A protein of interest for the development and production of the plant may be produced constitutively in all the organs of the plant

- 9 -

using this promoter, without the composition of the seed being effected. The proteins of interest are, without this being an exhaustive list, those which allow better protection of the plant against

- 5 - biotic stresses: protection against pathogens, bacteria, fungi, insects, nematodes, parasites or ravages, protection against intracellular pathogens and viruses, in particular those which are not transmitted by the seeds;
- 10 - abiotic stresses: protection against heat and cold, frost, water-related stresses such as drought or the opposite, anoxia, pollution (ozone, SO₂), photoinhibition and light stresses, beating down, phytoremediation or nutritional stresses caused by a
- 15 deficiency or excess of a nutrient element (in particular a saline stress).

Any gene of interest may therefore be placed under the control of the isolated promoter sequence. For

20 expression in plants, this gene may also comprise 3' nontranscribed sequences containing polyadenylation signals which are active in plants. These sequences may, for example, be those encoding the 3' transcribed, untranslated portion of the cauliflower mosaic virus

25 35S RNA gene (CaMV 35S) or the 3' untranslated region of the gene encoding the nopaline synthase (NOS) of the *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* Ti plasmid.

The gene of interest according to the invention may

30 also be a gene which controls development, such as for example a gene involved in hormone metabolism, in signal transduction or in the control of the cell cycle.

35 Another aspect of the invention relates to a vector, in particular a plasmid vector, comprising an expression cassette as defined above.

- 10 -

A subject of the invention is also a plant cell transformed with the cassette or with a vector comprising said cassette, and a plant transformation kit comprising said cassette or said vector.

5

The plasmid preparation, the chimeric gene and expression cassette construction, the DNA restriction using endonuclease, the transformation and the confirmation of transformations are carried out according to standard protocols (Sambrook et al. 1989, Molecular Cloning Manual Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, incorporated into the description by way of reference).

15 The construction of the vectors which can be used for
the transformation experiments forms part of the known
molecular biology techniques carried out routinely in
this field of use.

An additional aspect of the invention relates to a
20 method for preparing transgenic plants in which a gene
of interest is expressed in all the tissues except in
the maturing seed and in the dry seed, characterized in
that it comprises the following steps:

- 25 a) transferring a cassette or a vector according to the invention into plant cells,
b) culturing the transformed cells obtained in step a) so as to obtain said transgenic plants.

The DNA may be transferred into the plant cells, in particular the cells of the albumen or the totipotent cells derived from immature embryos, using standard techniques (Plant Cell Report, 10, 595, 1992), in particular by transfer via Agrobacterium (Plant J., 1994, 6, 271), by electroporation (Nature, 1987, 327, 70) or laserporation (Barley Genetics, 1991, VI, 231), with polyethylene glycol, or using the "particle gun" biolistic method (Nature 1987, 327, 70). In general, for the vectors for transformation via an agrobacterium (infiltration in planta Bechtold et al. 1993), the

A subject of the present invention is also a transgenic plant which can be obtained by carrying out the method mentioned above.

Thus, the invention relates to a plant, as defined above, which expresses in its tissues, except in the seeds, a gene, the product of which (RNA or protein) protects the plant against a biotic or abiotic stress, an antisense sequence directed against a target gene, a protein or polypeptide capable of substituting for the function of an endogenous protein or polypeptide, or a coding sequence for a protein involved in metabolite biosynthesis or a gene which controls development, such as for example a gene involved in hormone metabolism, in signal transduction or in the control of the cell cycle. The plant according to the invention may also express a protein of interest under the control of a promoter other than the promoter of the FAH gene and an antisense sequence capable of inhibiting the expression of said protein of interest under the control of the

promoter of the FAH gene, such that the gene of interest is expressed only in the seeds.

The seeds obtained from a transgenic plant according to the invention, which therefore do not contain the product of expression of the transgene, are targeted by the present invention, as is their use in any industry.

For the remainder of the description, reference will be
10 made to the legends of the figures presented below.

Legends

15 Figure 1: Intron/exon structure of the mRNA of the FAH
gene

The rectangles with stripes represent the introns. The scale is given on the figure.

T29F13 is a bac and TAI234 is a cDNA.

20 Figure 2: Structure of the [lacuna] region of the FAH
gene

PFAH upper and A1 represent the primers used to sequence the promoter.

The rectangles with the stripes represent the 5' transcribed, untranslated portion.

The scale is given on the figure.

Figure 3: Map of the pBI 101 plasmid

30 Map of the pBI101 plasmid containing the pFAH promoter used.

Example 1: Cloning of the promoter

Materials and methods

35 Isolation of the promoter region of FAH

The method used for the extraction of Arabidopsis genomic DNA is based on that described by Doyle and Doyle (1990). The principle is based on the detergent

- 13 -

properties of cetyltrimethylammonium bromide (CTAB; Sigma Chemical Co., USA) which allow the specific denaturation of protein and polysaccharide macromolecules. Approximately 2 g of plant material (plantlets cultivated in vitro, 1 to 2 weeks old) are finely ground in liquid nitrogen and transferred into a 50 ml tube of the FALCON type (Costar, USA), containing 7.5 ml of extraction buffer preheated to 65°C. The extraction is carried out at 65°C for 30 minutes, with regular stirring. The proteins denatured by the β -mercaptoethanol and the CTAB in the buffer are then extracted in one volume of chloroform, followed by elimination after centrifugation (4430 g, 10 min). The nucleic acids in the supernatant are precipitated with one volume of isopropanol in the presence of 3M sodium acetate (1/10, v/v), centrifuged (7900 g, 10 min) and then rinsed with 70% ethanol. The pellet is taken up in an Eppendorf tube in 100 μ l of water and the ribonucleic acids are eliminated by adding 3 μ l of Rnase A at 10 mg/ml (Sigma Chemical Co., USA). The DNA is deproteinized and then again precipitated with absolute ethanol. After centrifugation in an Eppendorf tube, the pellet is washed, dried, taken up in 50 to 100 μ l of water and stored at -20°C before analyses.

25

Amplification of the genomic DNA

The promoter sequence is amplified using PCR technology, which is a known technique (Sambrook et al. 1989). The primers corresponding to the 5' (upper) and 3' (lower) parts of the promoter sequence were derived from the genomic sequence of BAC T29F13 (AC003096) (see figure 1). Genomic DNA from a wild-type line (Ler) was used as the matrix for amplifying the promoter component. The amplification reactions were carried out on a thermocycler (MJ Research PTC100-96), in 0.2 ml tubes (Prolabo) containing the following mixture: 1 μ l (10 ng) DNA, 2 μ l 10 x buffer (BRL), 2 μ l 25 mM $MgCl_2$, 0.8 μ l 5 mM dNTP, 1 μ l primer 1 (10 pmol/ μ l),

1 μ l primer 2 (10 pmol/ μ l), 0.5 μ l (1U) Taq DNA polymerase (5U/ μ l) and H₂O qs for 20 μ l.

upper (5'-3'): TTCATGTTACTCTCTGCTTC (SEQ ID No. 2)

lower (5'-3') GGAAAGGAAACAAATACGGATTC (SEQ ID No. 3)

5

Bacterial transformation

The genotypes of bacteria used for carrying out the experiments are:

- 10 E. Coli strain DH12S (ϕ 80, *dlaZ* Δ M15 *mcrA* Δ (*mrr*-*hsdRMS*-*mcrBC*) *araD139* Δ (*ara*,*leu*)7697 Δ *lacX74* *galU* *galK* *rpsL* *deoR* *nupG* *recA1*/F'*proAB*+*lacIq* Z Δ M15).
- Agrobacterium tumefaciens pmp90C58CE
- 15 The bacteria (E.coli strain DH12S) are transformed with a recombined plasmid by electroporation (Potter, 1993). 2 μ l of the ligation reaction are mixed, in an electroporation cuvette (1 ml, width 0.1 cm), with 50 μ l of thawed bacteria and kept in ice. The cuvette
- 20 is then placed in an electroporator (Gene Pulser II System: BIO-RAD, FRANCE) and a voltage of 1.25 kV is applied for a period of time which depends on the resistance (200 Ω) and on the capacity (25 μ F) of the circuit. One ml of SOC medium is added to promote the
- 25 growth of the bacteria and the entire mixture is incubated in a 10 ml tube for 2 hours at 37°C, with rotary shaking (220 rpm). The transformed bacteria are then plated out onto dishes containing solid LB medium supplemented with the appropriate antibiotic, and
- 30 incubated at 37°C overnight. The bacteria transformed with the recombined pMeca plasmid are selected with 0.04 mg/ml of ampicillin in the presence of 0.2 mg/ml of X-Gal and of 0.05 mg/ml of IPTG. For the other recombined plasmids, the bacteria are selected on an LB
- 35 medium with the appropriate antibiotic at a final concentration of 0.04 mg/ml.

β -Glucuronidase activity

- 15 -

For the seeds, they are sowed onto a double thickness of Whatman 1M paper of 4.7 cm (Maidstone, England) soaked with 2 ml of sterile water. After soaking for 48h in a dish saturated with water, the seeds are
5 scraped off and placed in an Eppendorf tube to which 100 µl of infiltration buffer (100 mM of phosphate buffer, pH 7.2, 10 mM EDTA, 0.1% v/v Triton X100), supplemented with X-Gluc (5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-β-D-glucuronic acid) are added. The X-Gluc is dissolved
10 in DMF (dimethylformamide) at a stock concentration: 100µ (10 mg/100 µl). The infiltration buffer is supplemented at 1/100th extemporaneously with the X-Gluc stock. For the other tissues, the samples are placed directly in the infiltration buffer and the coloration
15 is then produced according to the same protocol. The infiltration is carried out under vacuum (in a vacuum bell jar):
- the vacuum is broken twice.
- the vacuum is maintained for 1 hour, and the samples
20 are then placed at 37°C overnight.

Results

Preliminary analyses indicated that an enzyme involved
25 in lipid metabolism (fatty acid hydroxylase: FAH) may have an expression corresponding to the type of promoter having the desired characteristics.

The sequence of the gene in question was obtained by
30 virtue of the sequences originating from the systematic sequencing of the Arabidopsis thaliana genome, and is located on BACT29F13. An expressed sequence (EST TAI234) was identified in the databases and appears to correspond to a full length sequence of the
35 FAH mRNA. This allowed identification of the 5' transcribed untranslated sequence and of the anticipated positioning of the promoter sequence. The intron/exon structure was deduced, at the level of the

- 16 -

transcribed, untranslated portion, from the alignment of the BAC with EST TAI234 (figure 1).

The promoter was amplified by PCR using the primer pFAH/upper and the primer A1, placed in the 5' transcribed/untranslated portion (figure 2). A study of the sequence showed that the amplified sequence contains a putative TATA box at -100 bp from the presumed transcription initiation site (according to the full length cDNA) and a CCAAT box at -190 bp from this same transcription. The amplified PCR fragment (932 bp) was cloned into a pGEM-T vector (PROMEGA) sequenced, and then introduced into a binary vector (pBI101, Clontech) containing a GUS reporter gene without a promoter (figure 3). This construct was then introduced by transformation in planta, via *Agrobacterium*, into wild-type plants (ecotype Ws). Thirteen primary transformants were obtained, which were tested for their GUS activity during their development.

Example 2: Expression of the reporter gene under control of the promoter of the FAH gene

In the embryo, the expression is strong from 20 hours after the start of soaking. During development, the expression is strong in all the tissues, with a certain preference for the vascular tissues.

These results demonstrate that the isolated promoter sequence indeed confers a very specific expression profile on the reporter gene used (GUS). The promoter is active throughout the development of the plant, in all the tissues tested (leaves, flowers, stems, roots, etc.) except in the seed undergoing maturation (see Table I below).

Table I: Expression profile for the GUS reporter gene

REFERENCES

- Bechtold N. Ellis H. and Pelletier G. (1993). In planta Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer by infiltration of adult *Arabidopsis thaliana* plants. C.R. Acad. Sci. Paris, Sciences de la vie; 316: 1194-9.
- Bouchez D. Camilleri C. Caboche M. (1993). A binary vector based on Basta resistance for in planta transformation of *Arabidopsis thaliana*. C.R. Acad. Sci. Paris, Sciences de la vie; 316: 1188-1193.
- Doyle J.J. and Doyle J.L. (1990). Isolation of plant DNA from fresh tissue. Focus; 12: 13-15.
- Sambrook J., Fritsch E. F., and Maniatis T. (1989); Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor N.Y.

1. A promoter sequence which allows the expression of a gene of interest in the tissues of a plant, except in the maturing seed and in the dry seed, characterized in that it comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity with the sequence, or a portion of the sequence, of the promoter of the Arabidopsis FAH gene.
2. The sequence as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that it comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity with the sequence, or a portion of the sequence, SEQ ID No. 1.
3. The sequence as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that it comprises the sequence, or a portion of the sequence, SEQ ID No. 1.
4. A method for isolating and characterizing the promoter of the FAH gene in plants, comprising the following steps:
- a) using a primer comprising a sequence having at least 80% identity with a sequence containing at least 10 consecutive nucleotides of the sequence SEQ ID No. 5 or a complementary sequence, or a primer which hybridizes under high stringency conditions to any coding sequence for SEQ ID No. 4 or a sequence having at least 80% identity with a sequence containing at least 10 consecutive nucleotides of the genomic sequence of the FAH gene of Arabidopsis, accessible under the number AC003096, or a complementary sequence, for isolating and/or amplifying the sequence upstream of the 5' end of the FAH gene,
- b) cloning and sequencing of the sequence obtained in step a).

11. The expression cassette as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that said sequence of interest encodes an enzyme involved in the production of metabolites by a plant.
12. A vector comprising an expression cassette as claimed in one of claims 7 to 10.
13. A plant cell transformed with a cassette as claimed in one of claims 7 to 10 or a vector as claimed in claim 12.
14. A plant transformation kit comprising a cassette as claimed in one of claims 7 to 10 or a vector as claimed in claim 12.
15. A method for preparing transgenic plants in which a gene of interest is expressed in all the tissues except in the maturing seed and in the dry seed, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:
 - a) transferring a cassette as claimed in one of claims 7 to 10 or a vector as claimed in claim 12 into plant cells,
 - b) culturing the transformed cells obtained in step a) so as to obtain said transgenic plants.
16. The method as claimed in claim 15, characterized in that the cells are chosen from embryonic cells originating from an immature embryo.
17. The method as claimed in either of claims 15 and 16, characterized in that the transfer is carried out using *Agrobacterium*, preferably *Agrobacterium.tumefaciens*.
18. A transgenic plant which can be obtained by carrying out the method as claimed in one of claims 15 to 17.

- 22 -

19. The plant as claimed in claim 18, characterized in that it expresses in its tissues, except in the mature and dry seeds, an RNA, an antisense sequence directed against a target gene.
- 5 20. The plant as claimed in claim 18, characterized in that it expresses in its tissues, except in the mature and dry seeds, an RNA, a protein or a polypeptide capable of substituting for the
10 function of an endogenous protein or polypeptide.
21. The plant as claimed in claim 18, characterized in that it expresses a protein of interest under the control of a promoter other than the promoter of
15 the FAH gene, and an antisense sequence capable of inhibiting the expression of said protein of interest under the control of the promoter of the FAH gene, such that the protein of interest is expressed only in the seeds.
- 20 22. The plant as claimed in claim 18, characterized in that it expresses in its tissues, except in the mature and dry seeds, a coding sequence for a protein involved in the biosynthesis of
25 metabolites, for a protein or a polypeptide which protects the plant against a biotic or abiotic stress, or for a protein which controls development, in particular [lacuna] in hormone metabolism, in signal transduction or in the
30 control of the cell cycle.
23. The plant as claimed in one of claims 18 to 22, characterized in that it is chosen in particular from rapeseed, crucifers, maize, soybean, wheat,
35 sunflower, pea, ornamental plants, and trees.
24. A seed obtained from a transgenic plant as claimed in one of claims 18 to 23, characterized in that

(12) DEMANDE INTERNATIONALE PUBLIÉE EN VERTU DU TRAITÉ DE COOPÉRATION
EN MATIÈRE DE BREVETS (PCT)

(19) Organisation Mondiale de la Propriété
Intellectuelle
Bureau international



(43) Date de la publication internationale
21 décembre 2000 (21.12.2000)

PCT

(10) Numéro de publication internationale
WO 00/77223 A1

(51) Classification internationale des brevets⁷: C12N 15/53,
15/82, 9/02, 5/10, C12Q 1/68, A01H 5/00, 5/10

(74) Mandataires: MARTIN, Jean-Jacques etc.; Cabinet
Regimbeau, 26, avenue Kléber, F-75116 Paris (FR).

(21) Numéro de la demande internationale:
PCT/FR00/01574

(81) États désignés (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ,
BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK,
DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID,
IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ,
PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(22) Date de dépôt international: 8 juin 2000 (08.06.2000)

(25) Langue de dépôt: français

(26) Langue de publication: français

(30) Données relatives à la priorité:
99/07362 10 juin 1999 (10.06.1999) FR

(84) États désignés (*régional*): brevet ARIPO (GH, GM, KE,
LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), brevet eurasien
(AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), brevet européen
(AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,
MC, NL, PT, SE), brevet OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,
GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

(71) Déposant (*pour tous les États désignés sauf US*):
INSTITUT NATIONAL DE LA RECHERCHE
AGRONOMIQUE [FR/FR]; 145, rue de l'Université,
F-75007 Paris (FR).

Publiée:

- Avec rapport de recherche internationale.
- Avant l'expiration du délai prévu pour la modification des
revendications, sera republiée si des modifications sont
reçues.

(72) Inventeurs; et

(75) Inventeurs/Déposants (*pour US seulement*):
DUBREUCQ, Bertrand [FR/FR]; 6, rue Fourcade,
F-75015 Paris (FR). LEPINIEC, Loïc [FR/FR]; 2C, rue
E. Herriot, F-91440 Bures-sur-Yvette (FR). CABOCHE,
Michel [FR/FR]; 5, rue du Thimerais, F-78310 Maurepas
(FR).

En ce qui concerne les codes à deux lettres et autres abrévia-
tions, se référer aux "Notes explicatives relatives aux codes et
abréviations" figurant au début de chaque numéro ordinaire de
la Gazette du PCT.

(54) Title: PROMOTER ENABLING TRANSGENE EXPRESSION IN THE WHOLE PLANT EXCEPT IN THE SEED

WO 00/77223 A1 (54) Titre: PROMOTEUR PERMETTANT L'EXPRESSION DE TRANSGENES DANS TOUTE LA PLANTE HORMIS DANS LA GRAINE

(57) Abstract: The invention concerns the isolation and characterisation of a promoter enabling transgene expression in the adult plant, in view of improving the plant development or protecting it against biotic or abiotic stresses, without allowing the transgene product to be present in the mature and dry seed. The invention also concerns transgenic plants comprising a gene of interest fused to said promoter sequence.

(57) Abrégé: La présente invention concerne l'isolement et la caractérisation d'un promoteur qui permet l'expression de transgènes dans la plante adulte, à des fins d'amélioration du développement de la plante ou de sa protection contre des stress biotiques ou abiotiques, sans que le produit de ce transgène soit présent dans la graine mature et sèche. L'invention a également trait aux plantes transgéniques comportant un gène d'intérêt fusionné à ladite séquence promotrice.

Title: Promoter Which Allows Transgene
Expression in the Entire Plant Except the
Seed

Inventor(s): Bertrand DUBREUCQ et al.
Atty. Dkt. No.: 065691-0262

10/009340

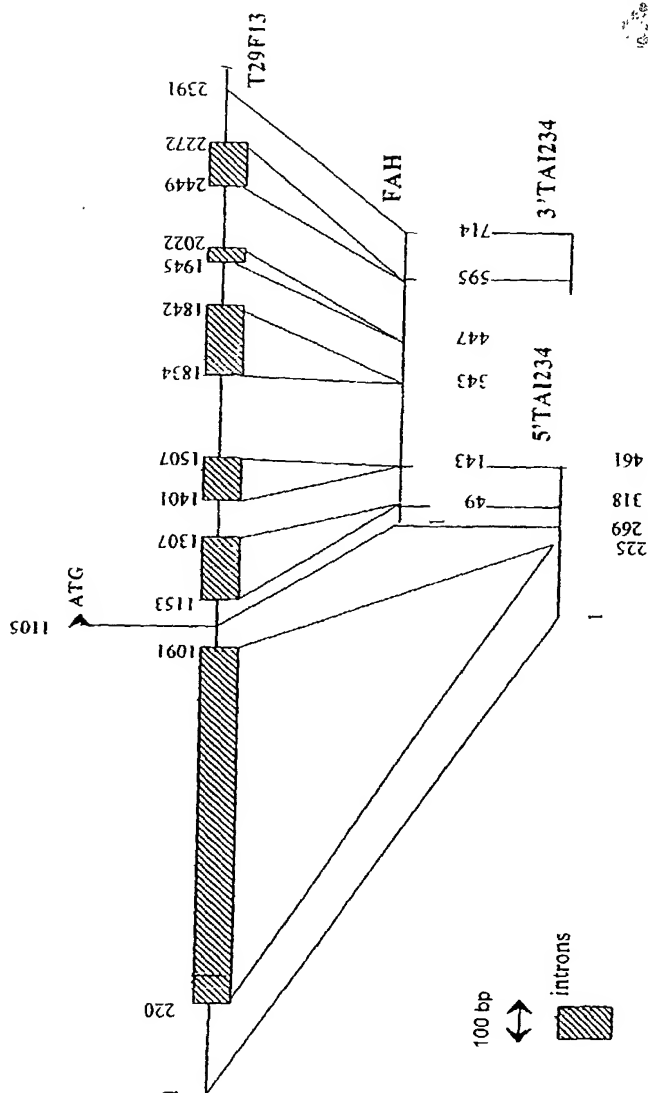


FIGURE 1

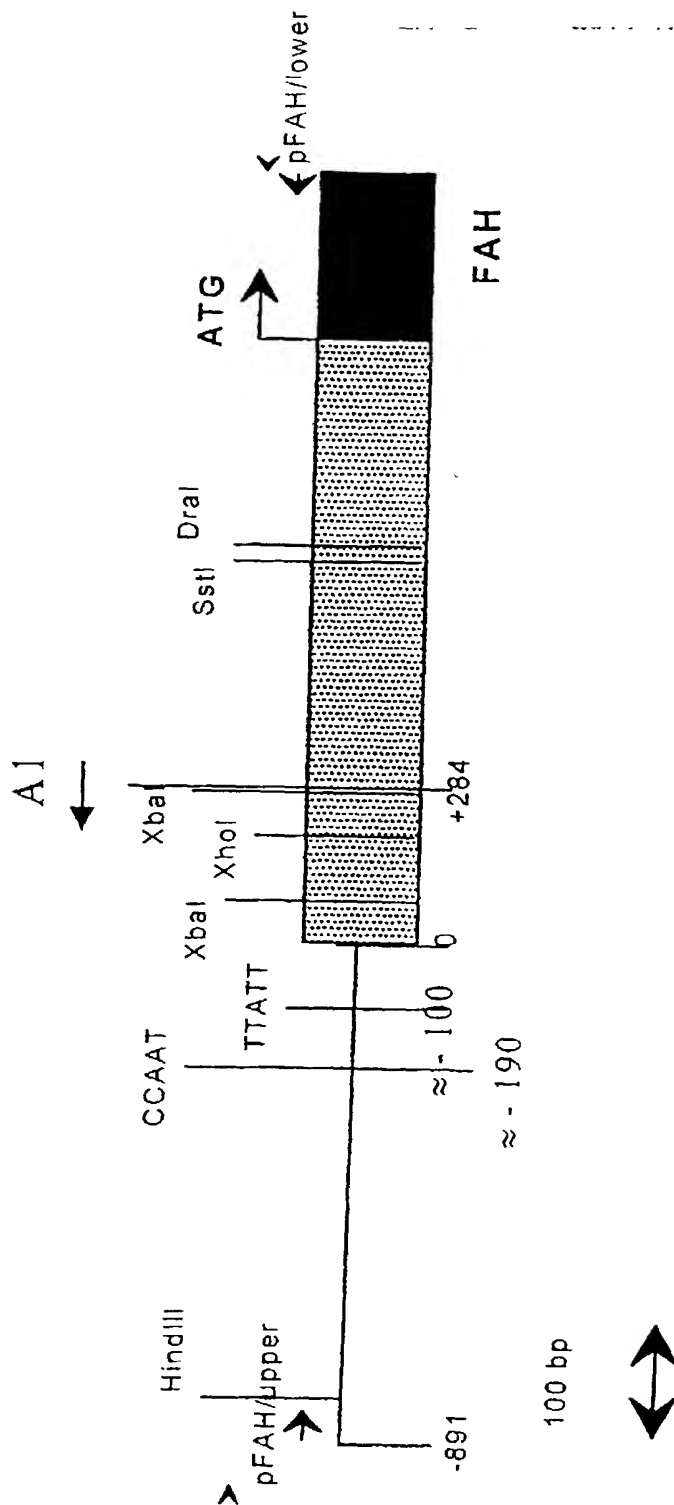


FIGURE 2

Title: Promoter Which Allows Transgene
Expression in the Entire Plant Except the
Seed

Inventor(s): Bertrand DUBREUCQ et al.
Atty. Dkt. No.: 065691-0262

10/009340

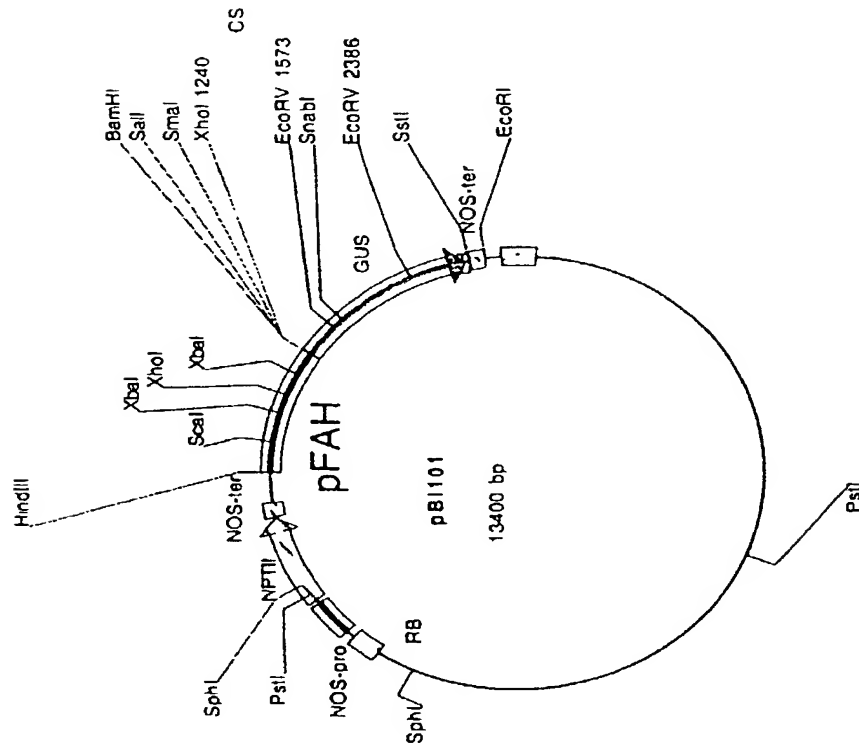


FIGURE 3

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

PROMOTER WHICH ALLOWS TRANSGENE EXPRESSION IN THE ENTIRE PLANT EXCEPT IN THE SEED
the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ was filed on JUNE 08, 2000 as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number PCT/FR00/01574 and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)

NUMBER	COUNTRY	DAY/MONTH/YEAR FILED	PRIORITY CLAIMED
FR99 07362	FRANCE	JUNE 10, 1999	YES

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:


APPLICATION SERIAL NO.	FILING DATE	STATUS: PATENTED, PENDING, ABANDONED
PCT/FR00/01574	June 08, 2000	Pending

I hereby appoint as my attorneys, with full powers of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Stephen A. Bent, Reg. No. 29,768; David A. Blumenthal, Reg. No. 26,257; William T. Ellis, Reg. No. 26,874; John J. Feldhaus, Reg. No. 28,822; Patricia D. Granados, Reg. No. 33,683; John P. Isacson, Reg. No. 33,715; Donald D. Jeffery, Reg. No. 19,980; Eugene M. Lee, Reg. No. 32,039; Richard Linn, Reg. No. 25,144; Peter G. Mack, Reg. No. 26,001; Brian J. McNamara, Reg. No. 32,789; Sybil Meloy, Reg. No. 22,749; George E. Quillin, Reg. No. 32,792; Colin G. Sandercock, Reg. No. 31,298; Bernhard D. Saxe, Reg. No. 28,665; Charles F. Schill, Reg. No. 27,590; Richard L. Schwaab, Reg. No. 25,479; Arthur Schwartz, Reg. No. 22,115; Harold C. Wegner, Reg. No. 25,258.

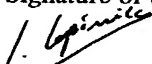
Address all correspondence to **FOLEY & LARDNER**, Washington Harbour, 3000 K Street, N.W., Suite 500, P.O. Box 25696, Washington, D.C. 20007-8696. Address telephone communications to _____ at (202) 672-5300.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

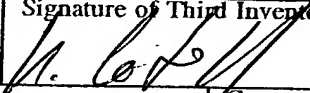
1-00

Full Name of First or Sole Inventor DUBREUCQ Bernard	Signature of First or Sole Inventor 	Date 03 DEC. 2001
Residence Address PARIS / FRANCE FRX	Country of Citizenship FR	
Post Office Address 6, rue Fourcade 75015 PARIS / FRANCE		

2-00

Full Name of Second Inventor LEPINIEC Loïc	Signature of Second Inventor 	Date 03 DEC. 2001
Residence Address BURES-SUR-YVETTE / FRANCE FRX	Country of Citizenship FR	
Post Office Address 2C Rue E. Herriot 91440 BURES-SUR-YVETTE / FRANCE		

3-00

Full Name of Third Inventor CABOCHE Michel	Signature of Third Inventor 	Date 03 DEC. 2001
Residence Address MAUREPAS / FRANCE FRX	Country of Citizenship FR	
Post Office Address 5, Rue du Thimerais 78310 MAUREPAS / FRANCE		

Full Name of Fourth Inventor	Signature of Fourth Inventor	Date
Residence Address	Country of Citizenship	
Post Office Address		

Full Name of Fifth Inventor	Signature of Fifth Inventor	Date
Residence Address	Country of Citizenship	
Post Office Address		

10/009340
 Rec'd PCT/PTO 16 MAY 2002
 TRADEMARK OFFICE

16 MAY 2002

DUBREUCQ, BERTRAND et al.

Filed: December 20, 2001

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231
Box SEQUENCE

STATEMENT TO SUPPORT FILING AND SUBMISSION IN
ACCORDANCE WITH 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.821-1.825

Sir:

In connection with a Sequence Listing submitted concurrently herewith, the undersigned hereby states that:

1. the submission, filed herewith in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.821(g), does not include new matter;

2. the content of the attached paper copy and the attached computer readable copy of the Sequence Listing, submitted in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.821(c) and (e), respectively, are the same; and

3. all statements made herein of their own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United

10/009340

Rec'd PCT/PTO 16 MAY 2002

1

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> DUBREUCQ, BERTRAND
LEPINIEC, LOIC
CABOCHE, MICHEL

<120> PROMOTER ENABLING TRANSGENE EXPRESSION IN THE WHOLE
PLANT EXCEPT IN THE SEED

<130> 065691-0262

<140> 10/009,340

<141> 2001-12-20

<150> FR 99/07362

<151> 1999-06-10

<150> PCT/FR00/01574

<151> 2000-06-08

<160> 5

<170> PatentIn Ver. 2.1

<210> 1

<211> 932

<212> DNA

<213> Arabidopsis thaliana

<220>

<223> FAH promoter in Arabidopsis thaliana.

<400> 1

```
cagctgtagc atcttgatat tgctgatact cagccacaag atcgttcatg ttactctctg 60
cttcattaaa ctccatctcg tccattcctt cttctgtgta ccaatgcaag aaagccttatc 120
tcaacatcag gctgatataa ccaatatctt acttctttta catttggtgaa atggaaccaa 180
cccatTTTTt tggaaaaagt gctaaccaaa catttgatta accgtatcac tactactttc 240
atttctatct tctgtttcat tatgtctgact atttaagctc cgttgtcaaa tctctaagtt 300
agacataaaa gacaaagact aatcaattgt catcacacca gcgtcgtcga gtgagctata 360
ttaatcgtgg attttaagca ttaaagaaac attctatagt actaaagcaa ataaaaataat 420
tataatcaaa cactatgctt gacactggtc acgtgtactg gtagtgaatg attctacatc 480
ataagaggcc gcatacaaat ctaaaaaata agcataatga attaatcatt tacaaatttt 540
attttactca ataagaaaat cgaaagtatg attattatct agctgccaca atcttcgaat 600
ttaatatTTt ctcaagaaga gaccgacttt aatccttgac tttctcattg ctctatggaa 660
aatgattaaa gcagtcaata aaatcttttg acattgttgg cagaagacca ataattcgaa 720
gtctaaaatg taatcgtcca cacagtgtat gagtatccta gtattttttt tcttttccat 780
ataagttgaa tttgtaatat atatagtgtg atgttggtta tttgtggcaa cgtacaaaat 840
tgggaatcct ataagtgcga cgacaagtga caagacgagg ctatgaacag ctaatgtatg 900
aagagagcca aaagagcaac aacctggcac ag 932
```

<210> 2

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

Ile Leu Cys Phe Pro Phe Trp Asn Ile Ala Lys Ala Ile Ser Thr Pro
145 150 155 160

<400> 5							
atggttgctc	agggattcac	tgtggatctt	aaaaagcccc	ttgtatttca	ggttgggtcat	60	
cttggagaag	attatgagga	atgggttcac	caacctatcg	cgaccaagga	aggccctcgg	120	
ttttttcaga	gtgacttttg	ggagttcttg	acacttacag	tttggtgggc	agttcctgtc	180	
atttggttgc	cagttgttagt	ctggtgcata	tcaaggtcag	taagtatggg	atgttcactt	240	
ccagaaatcg	tcccaattgt	tgtcatggga	atatttcatt	ggacattttt	tgaatacgtt	300	
cttcaccgtg	tcgtttttcca	cataaaaacg	aagagttact	ggggaaacac	tgcacactat	360	
cttatttcacg	gatgccatca	taagcaccgg	atggaccacc	ttcggctcgt	ctttcctcct	420	
actgcaactg	cgatttttatg	ctttccgttc	tggaaacattg	cgaaggctat	ctcaactcct	480	
tcaaccgcac	ctgcattggt	tgggtggaggc	atgctcggat	atgtgatgta	cgatgtcact	540	
cattattaac	ttcaccatcg	ccaacctact	agaccagtga	ccaaaaatct	caagaagtac	600	
catattgaatc	atcacttcag	gattcaggag	aaaggatttg	gtataacttc	gtcgttatgg	660	
gacattagtct	ttgggacact	tcccaccaca	aaaqccccc	gaaaagagca	ataq	714	